

## For the customer use only PI2EQX6874ZFE SMA EvalBoard Rev.A User Guide

#### Introduction

Pericom Semiconductor's PI2EQX6874ZFE is a low power, SATA signal redriver. The device provides programmable equalization, amplification, and de-emphasis by using 8 elect bits, to optimize performance over a variety of physical mediums by reducing Inter-Symbol Interference.

PI2EQX6874ZFE supports eight 100-Ohm Differential CML data I/O's between the Protocol ASIC to a switch fabric, across a backplane, or to extend the signals across other distant data pathways on the user's platform.

The integrated equalization circuitry provides fl edibility with signal integrity of the signal before the re-driver, whereas the integrated emphasis circuitry provides flexibility with signal integrity of the signal after the reDriver.

In addition to providing signal re-conditioning, Pericom's PI2EQX6874ZFE also provides power management Standby mode operated by a Power Down pin.

This user guide describes how to use PI2EQX6874ZFE ReDriver in the evaluation board. Figure1 shows top view and bottom view of PI2EQX6874ZFE SMA EVB.



Figure1a Top View of PI2EQX6874ZFE EVB



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Figure1b Bottom View of PI2EQX6874ZFE EVB

#### **Board Operation**

## • Logical Block Diagram

Figure2 shows the logical block diagram of PI2EQX6874ZFE.



Figure2. Logical Block Diagram of PI2EQX6874ZFE



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• Board Circuit 1) Power Supply

On the EVB, the power supply is from 3-Pin header-VDD and GND mark as below.



#### 2) Configuration Control

PI2EQX6874ZFE provides I2C configuration control depending on the state of the MODE pin input (red circle in Figure4).

When MODE is set **LOW**, reprogramming of the control registers via I2C is allowed. MODE pin has internal 100K pullup resistor. So it should be pull down by Jumper MODE pin externally. Figure4 shows the Mode pin location on EVB.



Figure4. MODE pin Header Location



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The integrated I2C interfaces operate as a slave device, supporting standard rate operation of 100Kbps, with 7-bit addressing mode and LSB indication either a read or write operation as shown below. The address for a specific device is determined by A0, A1 and A4 pins with internal PULL-UP resistors. So up to eight PI2EQX6874 devices can be connected to a single I2C bus. Figure4 shows A4, A1 and A0 pin header location in Blue circle.

	Address A	ssignment					
A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	R/W
1	1	Program	0	0	Programmable		1=R, 0=W

 Data bytes must be 8-bits long and transferred with MSB first. Please see I2C data transfer diagram in Page16 of datasheet. For data byte definition as below, please see Page10 -12 of datasheet in detail.
Configuration Register Summary

Byte	Mnemonic	Function
0	SIG	Signal Detect, indicates valid input signal level
1	RSVD	Reserved for future use
2	LBEC	Loopback and De-emphasis Control, provides for control of the loopback function and de-emphasis mode (de-emphasis or de-emphasis)
3	INDIS	Channel Input Disable, controls whether s channels input buffer is enabled or disabled
4	OUTDIS	Channel Output Disable, controls whether a channel output buffer is enabled or disabled.
5	A0	Channel A0 configuration
6	BO	Channel B0 configuration
7	A1	Channel A1 configuration
8	B1	Channel B1 configuration
9	A2	Channel A2 configuration
10	B2	Channel B2 configuration
11	A3	Channel A3 configuration
12	B3	Channel B3 configuration
13	VTH	Input level threshold configuration
14	RSVD	Reserved for future use

• For I2C inputs, SCL and SDA pin are tolerant with +3.3V power. Figure5 is SCL and SDA pins location on EVB.



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I2C Configuration Sequence



**Note:** there is one DUMMY byte to be added into sequence.

Figure7 is one sample for write sequence at Address=**C0** (A4, A1, A0 are pulled down) and Data byte[0..11]=00,00,FE,00,00,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,C0.



Figure8 is READ sequence.



**Note:** there is NO DUMMY byte to be added into sequence.

Figure9 is one sample for read sequence sample at Address=C1 (A4, A1, A0 are pulled down) and Data byte[0..14]=00, 00,FE,00,00,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,EF,C0.

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**Note:** Byte0=00 means no channel has signal input.



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## **Appendix A: PCB Schematic**





Application\_<sub>Note</sub>

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3/8/2012





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History

Version 1.0

Original Version

Mar. 7, 2012